



LATORNELL 2018

How Cool Are
Cooling Trenches?
Trench Monitoring in
KW





Agenda

1. A Cold Topic
2. Cooling Down – W+H?
3. A Refreshing Program
4. Interpretation
5. Other Techniques
6. Moving Forward

Introduction

A Cold Topic

A Cool Introduction

- What is thermal mitigation?
- MOE (2003)
 - Pond Configuration
 - Riparian Planting Strategies
 - Bottom Draw Outlets
 - Subsurface Trench Outlet
 - Night-time Release
 - Outlet Channel Design

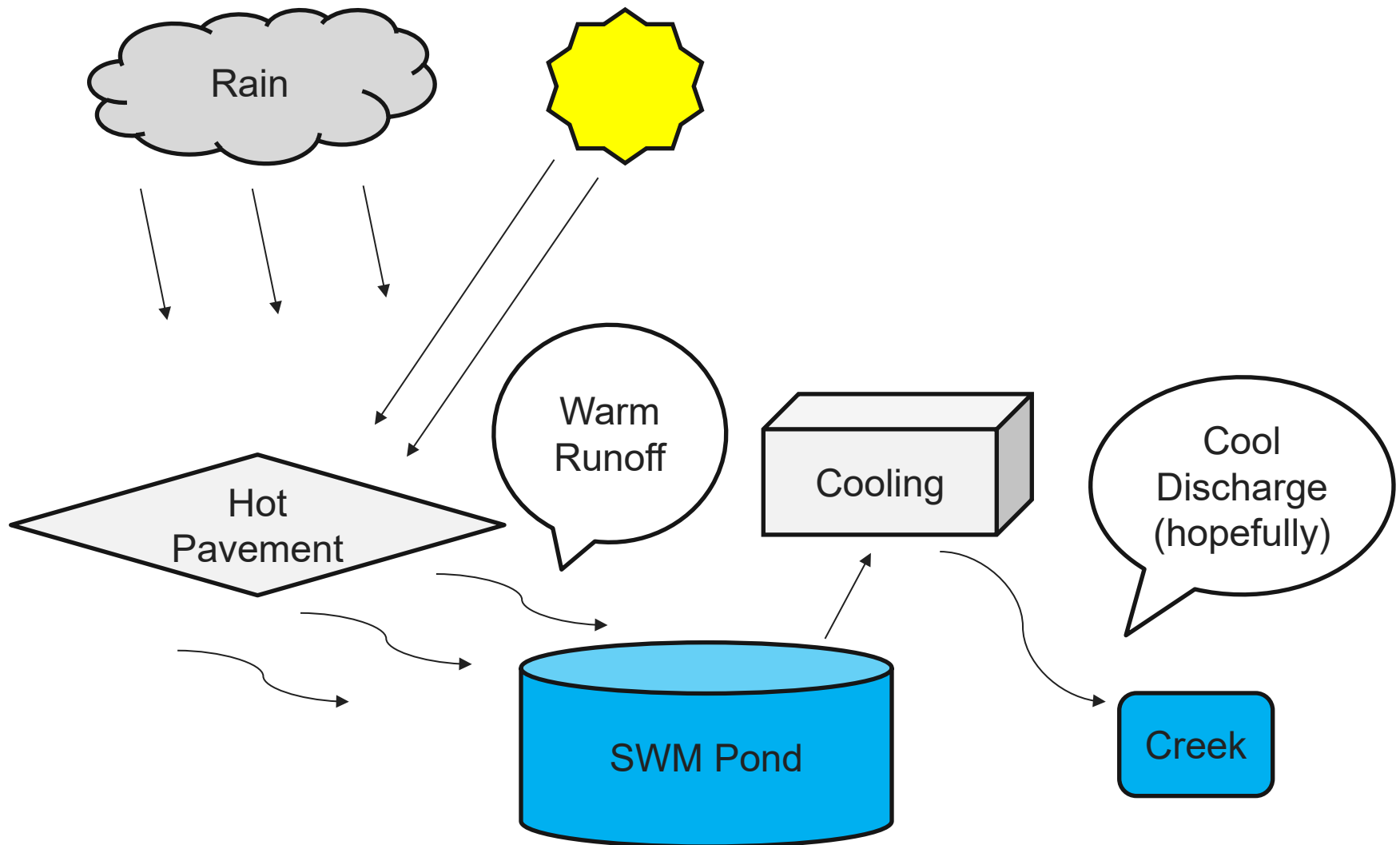
Stormwater Management Planning and
Design Manual

March 2003



Ministry of the
Environment

The Process – Simple Stuff



Cooling Down

The Why and the How

Why Be Cool in KW?

- Fish!
- Subwatershed Studies
- Regulations/Policies
- Development

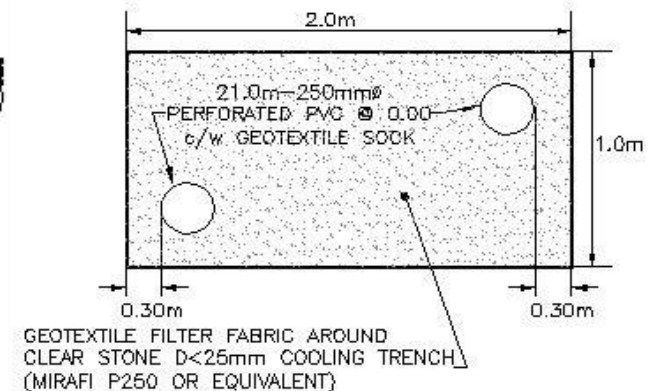
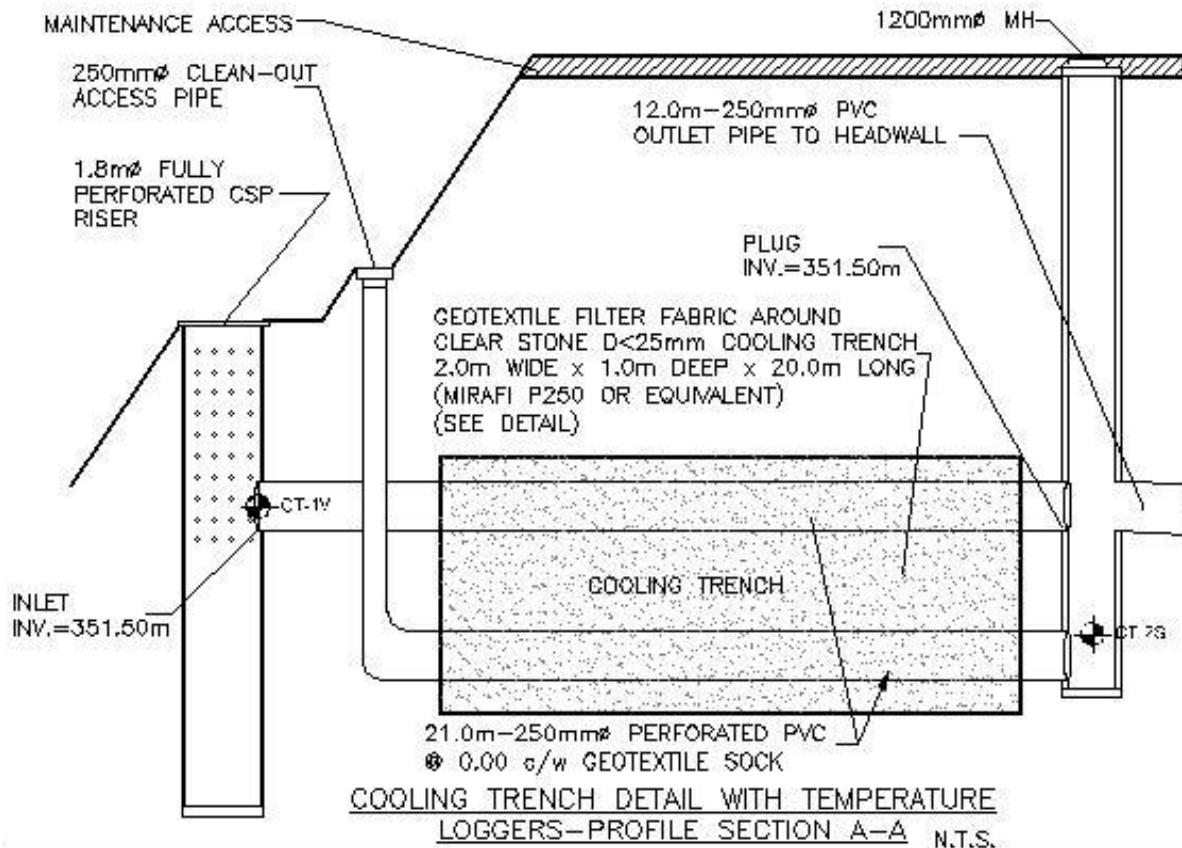


How To Be Cool in KW

- Different approaches over the years
 - Subsurface outlet
 - Residence time calculations
 - Heat transfer calculations
 - Groundwater
 - Design Storm Event
- Consistency



A Cross-Section











A Refreshing Program

Monitoring Program

Specifics!

- 2 Trenches in the City of Waterloo
- 3 Trenches in the City of Kitchener
- 1 Trench in Elmira (north of Waterloo)
- 1 Trench in the Booming Metropolis of Baden (west of Kitchener)
- 2 years (minimum)

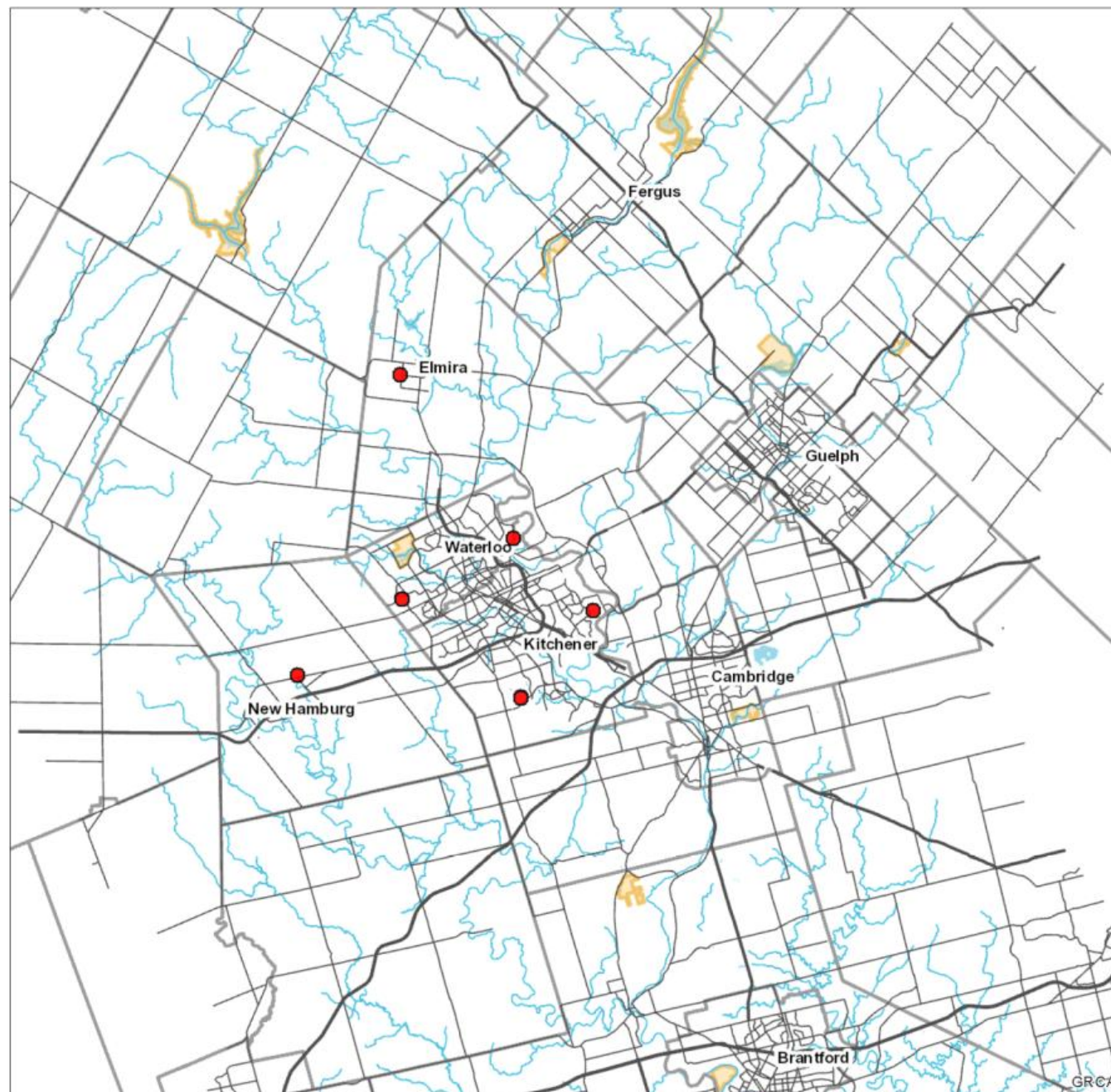


Cooling Trench Locations in RMOW

Mapping from Grand River Conservation Authority

Legend

-  Municipal Boundary (GRCA)
-  Watercourse - Regional (GRCA)
-  Park - Regional (GRCA)
-  Waterbody - Major (GRCA)
-  Great Lakes - Regional (GRCA)



Map Centre (UTM NAD83 z17): 545,807.38 4,814,436.36

This map is not to be used for navigation

Copyright Grand River Conservation Authority, 2018.
Disclaimer: This map is for illustrative purposes only. Information contained herein is not a substitute for professional review or a site survey and is subject to change without notice. The Grand River Conservation Authority takes no responsibility for, nor guarantees, the accuracy of the information contained on this map. Any interpretations or conclusions drawn from this map are the sole responsibility of the user.
The source for each data layer is shown in parentheses in the map legend. For a complete listing of sources and citations go to: <https://maps.grandriver.ca/Sources-and-Citations.pdf>









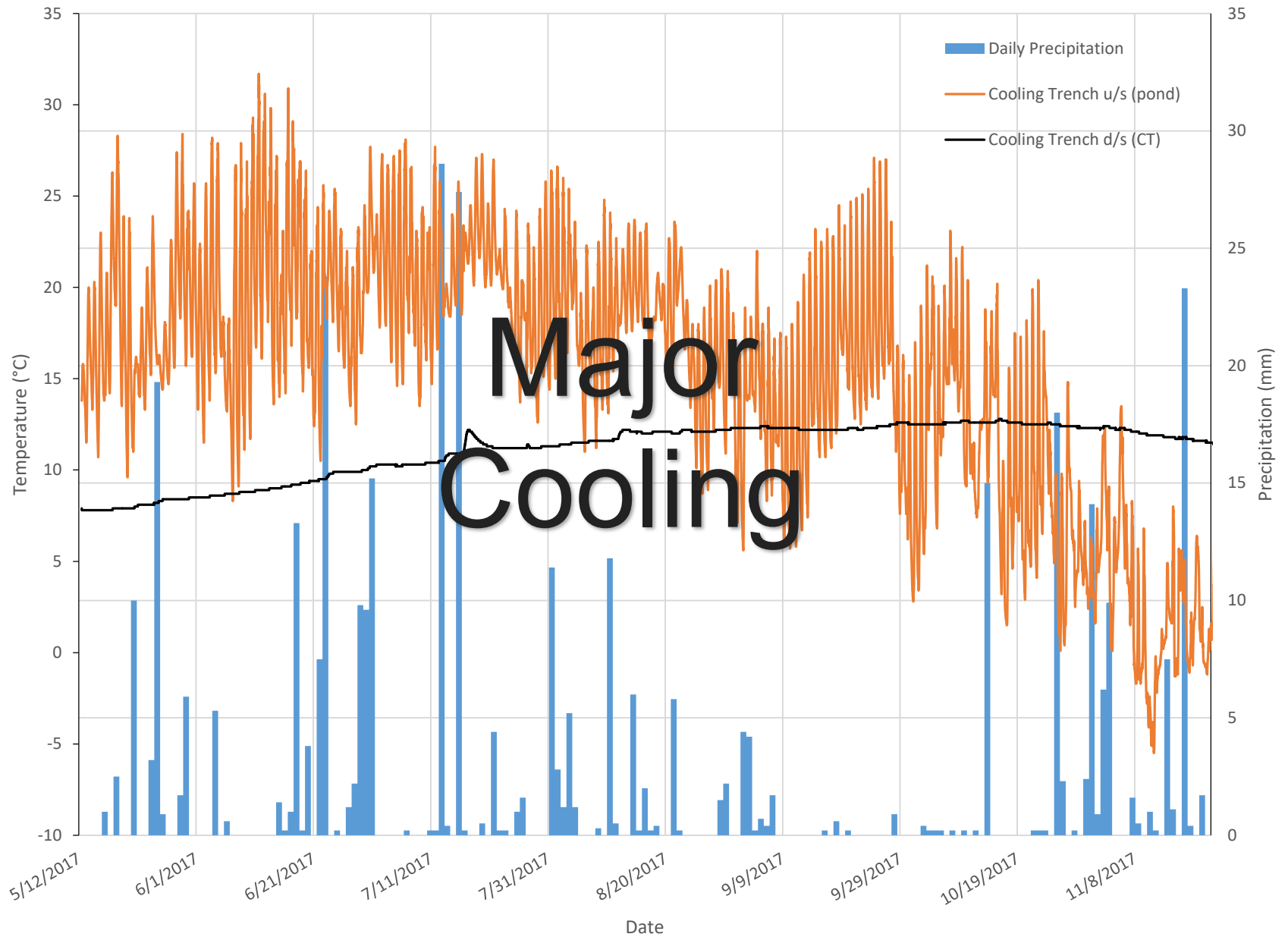
Design Parameters - Effectiveness

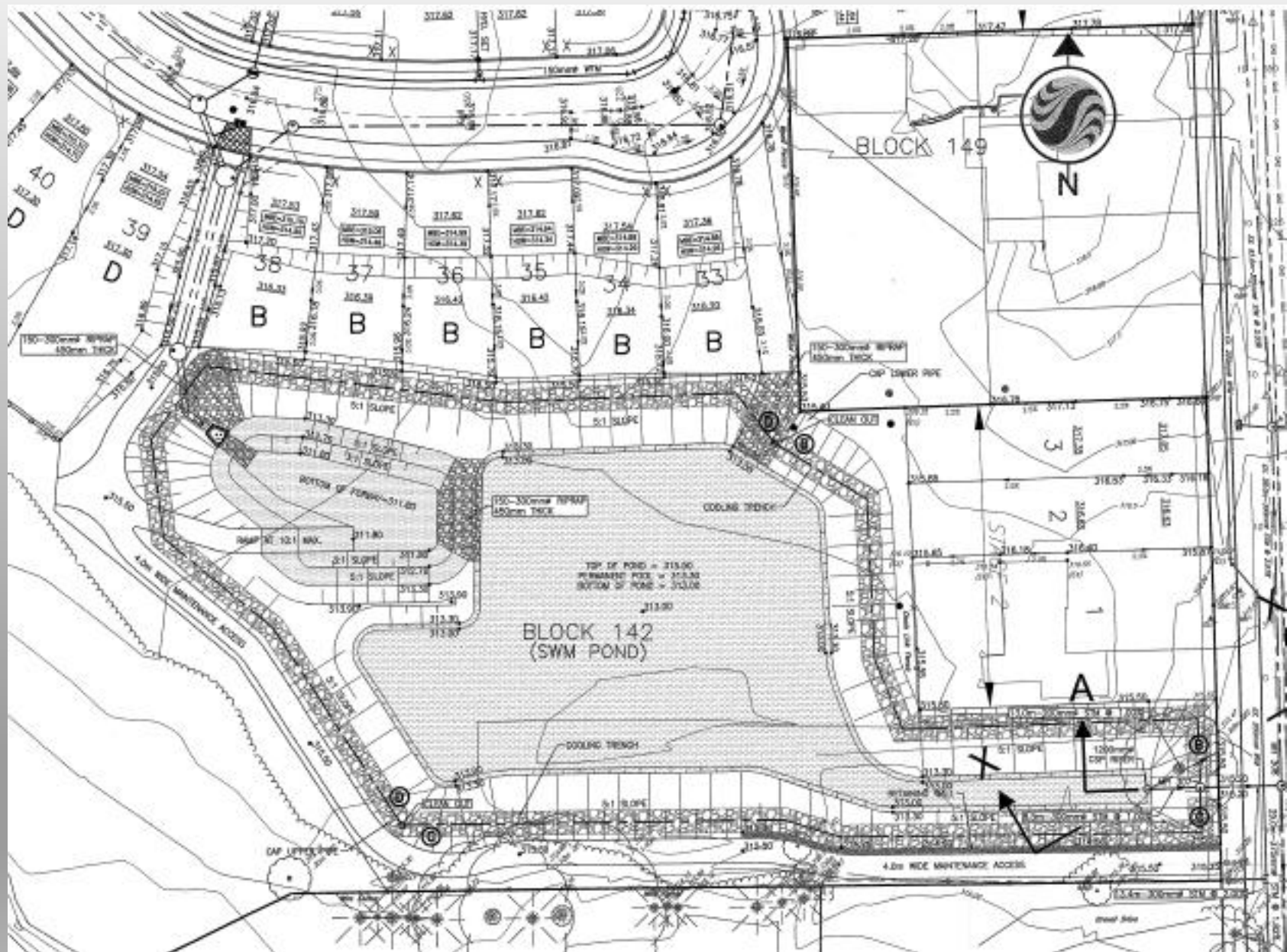
- Upstream catchment area characteristics
- Groundwater
- Residence time/flow path
- Length : Width
- Outlet design of pond
- Cost

Interpretation

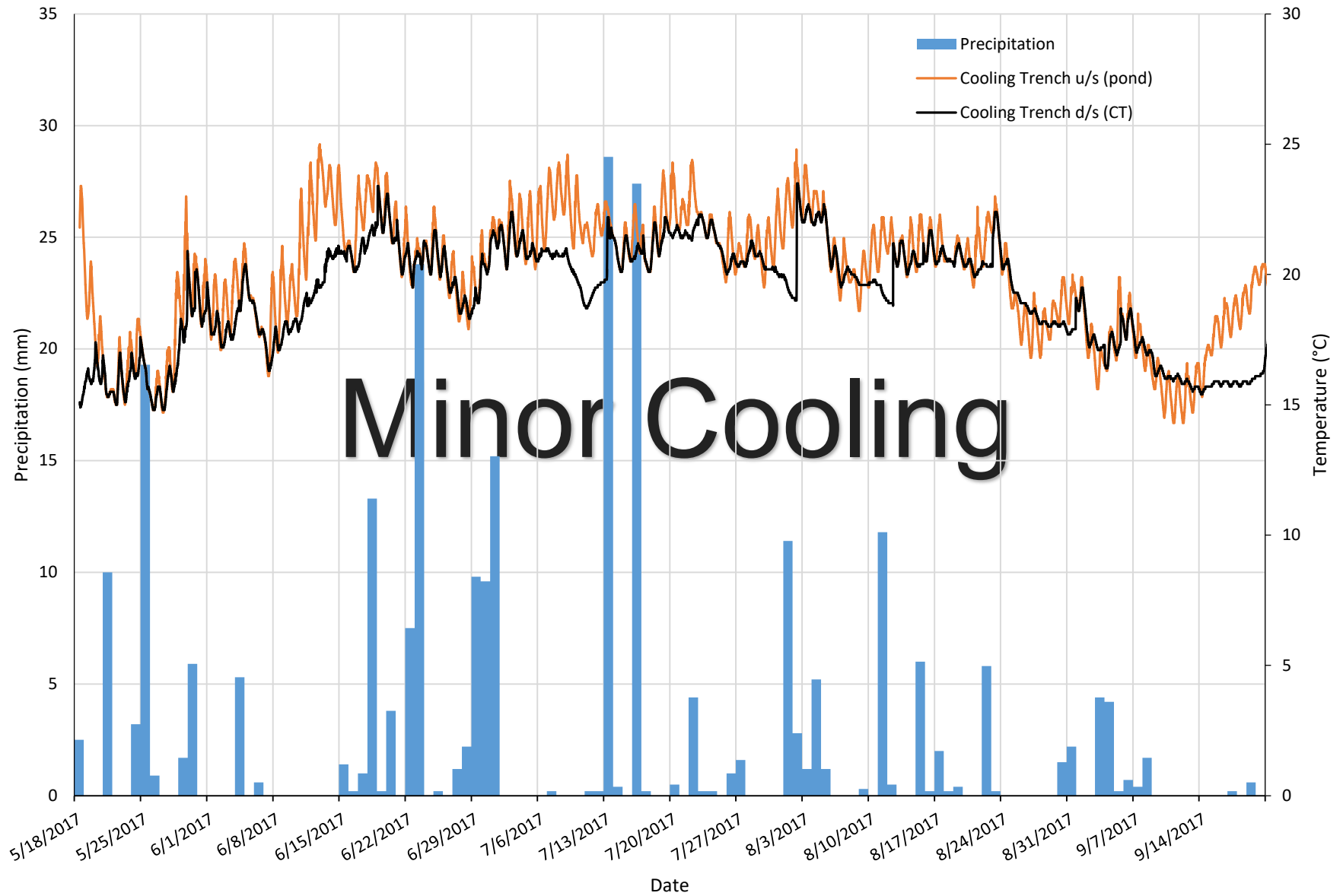
Results, Graphs, Numbers, Etc.

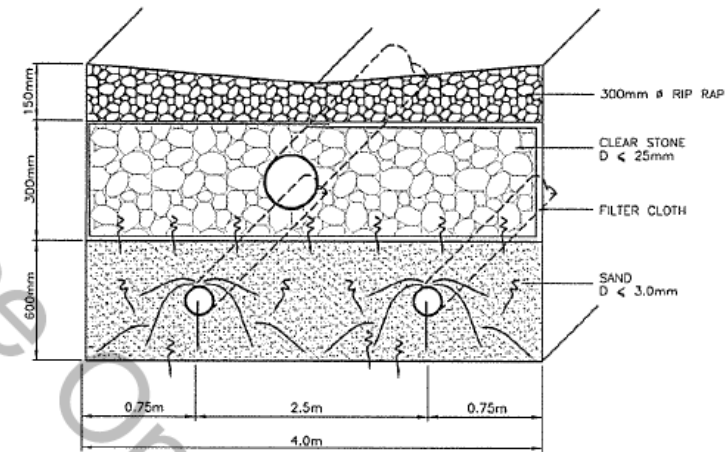
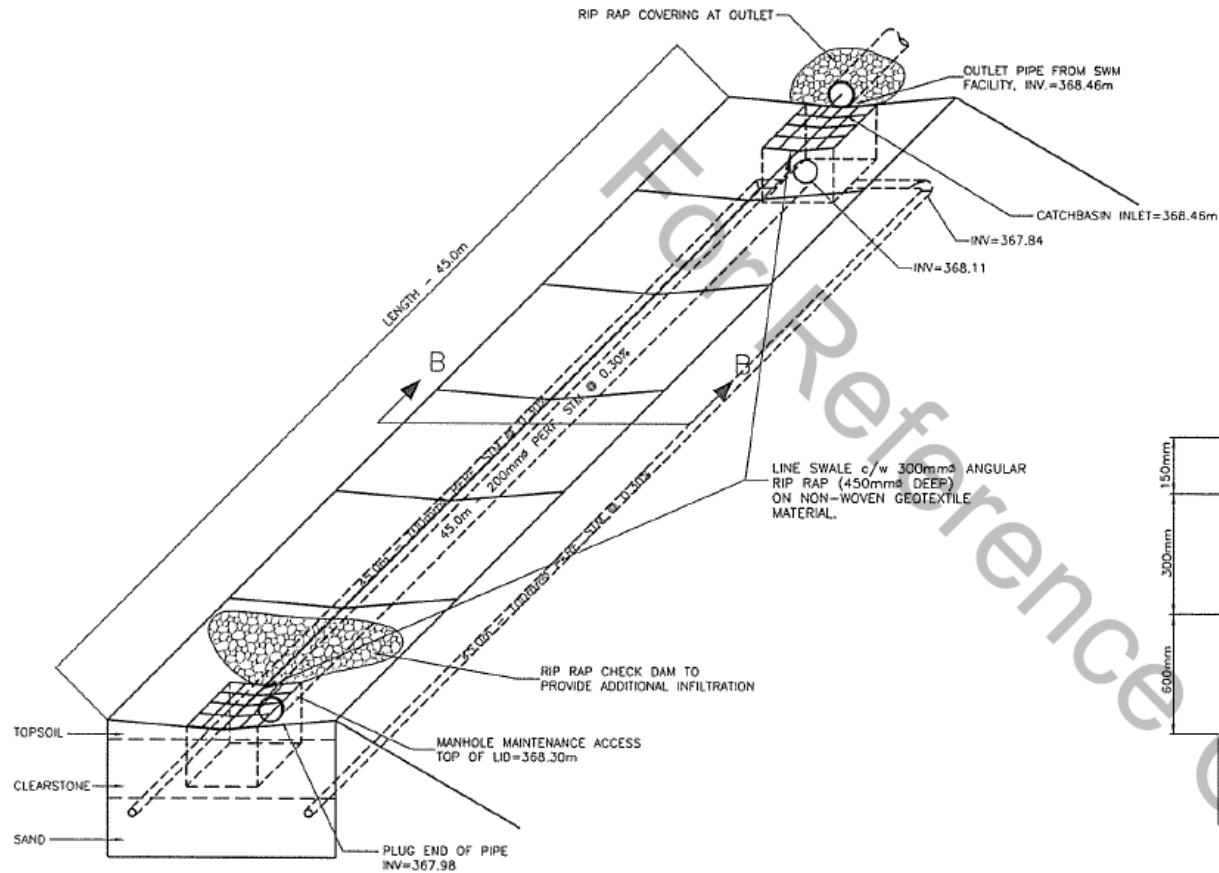
2017 Cooling Trench Monitoring Data





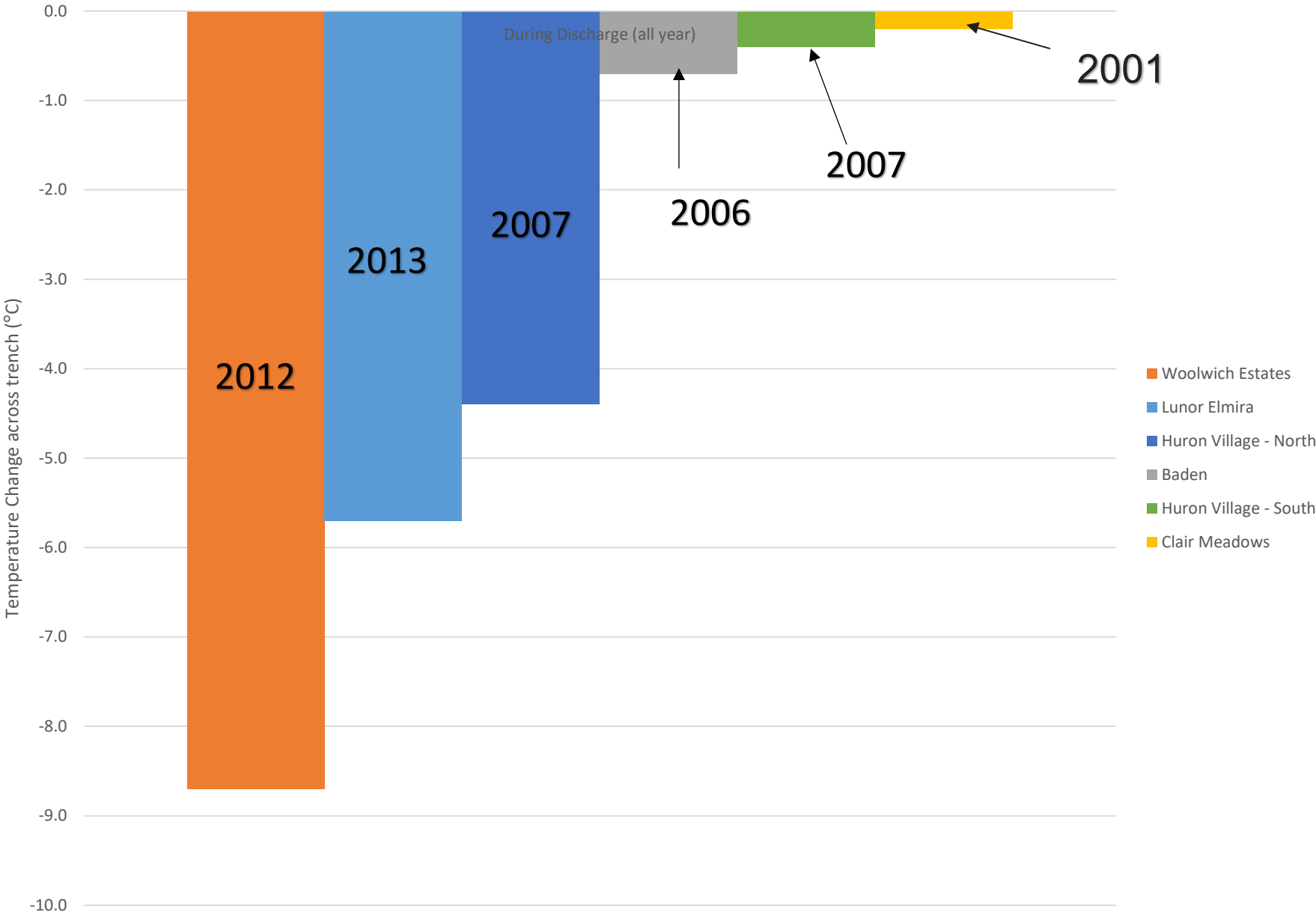
2017 Cooling Trench Monitoring Data





SECTION 'B'-'B'
TYPICAL CROSS-SECTION

Cooling Trench Results - Average Temperature Change across Trench (2017)



What Have We Found?

- Groundwater
 - Effective
- Outlet design of pond
 - Bottom draw outlet may also contribute to cooling
- Residence time/flow path
 - Longer flow path = longer residence time = cooler temp
- Cost
 - More money = less problems = cooler temps (to a point)

Next Steps

Where Next?

Next Steps

- Low Impact Development (LID) – treat at-source is preferred
- MECP Design Guidelines (20XX?)
- Multi-component approach is probably best
- Is there a place for cooling trenches?

Questions?

<https://ideas.stantec.com/low-impact-development>